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Table 8—Harvest Zone Codes for Use with Product Transfer Reports and Vessel Activity Reports

Table 9—Required Logbooks, Reports, and Forms from Participants in the Federal Groundfish Fisheries

Table 10—Current Gulf of Alaska Retainable Percentages

Table 11—Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Management Area Retainable Percentages

AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 773 et seq., 1801 et seq., and 3631 et seq.

Source: $61\ FR\ 31230$, June 19, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

EDITORIAL NOTES: 1. Nomenclature changes to part 679 appear at 61 FR 56438, Nov. 1, 1996, and 62 FR 2047, Jan. 15, 1997.

- 2. At 63 FR 47355, Sept. 4, 1998, part 679 was amended, effective Oct. 5, 1998. The superseded text of the amended sections remaining in effect until Oct. 5, 1998, appears in the Oct. 1, 1997 revision of title 50 parts 600-End.
- 3. See 63 FR 64878, Nov. 24, 1998, for a document correcting amendments to part 679 originally published at 63 FR 52642, Oct. 1, 1998.

Subpart A—General

§679.1 Purpose and scope.

Regulations in this part were developed by the Council under the Magnuson-Stevens Act. Along with part 600 of this chapter, these regulations implement the following:

(a) Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska. (1) Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for groundfish in the GOA by vessels of the United States (see subparts A, B, D, and E of this part).

(2) The following State of Alaska regulations are not preempted by this part for vessels regulated under this part fishing for demersal shelf rockfish in the Southeast Outside District, and which are registered under the laws of the State of Alaska: 5 AAC 28.110, fishing seasons; 5 AAC 28.130, gear; 5 AAC 28.160, harvest guidelines; 5 AAC 28.190, harvest of bait by commercial permit holders.

(b) Fishery Management Plan for the Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area. Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for groundfish in the BSAI by vessels of the United States (see subparts A, B, C, D, and E of this part).

- (c) Moratorium on entry (applicable through December 31, 1998). Regulations in this part govern a moratorium on the entry of new vessels in the commercial fisheries for groundfish in the GOA and BSAI and in the commercial fisheries for king and Tanner crabs in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area (see subparts A and D of this part).
- (d) IFQ Program for sablefish and halibut. The IFQ management plan for the commercial fisheries that use fixed gear to harvest sablefish and halibut (see subparts A, B, D, and E of this part).

(1) Sablefish. (i) Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for sablefish by vessels of the United States:

- (A) Using fixed gear within that portion of the GOA and the BSAI over which the United States exercises exclusive fishery management authority; and
- (B) Using fixed gear in waters of the State of Alaska adjacent to the BSAI and the GOA, provided that such fishing is conducted by persons who have been issued permits under §679.4.

(ii) Regulations in this part do not govern commercial fishing for sablefish in Prince William Sound or under a State of Alaska limited entry program.

(2) *Halibut*. Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for halibut by vessels of the United States using fixed gear, as that term is defined in 50 CFR 679.2, in and off of Alaska.

(e) Western Alaska CDQ Program. The goals and purpose of the CDQ program are to allocate CDQ to eligible Western Alaska communities to provide the means for starting or supporting commercial fisheries business activities that will result in an ongoing, regionally based, fisheries-related economy.

(f) Groundfish Observer Program (Applicable through December 31, 1997). Regulations in this part govern elements of the Groundfish Observer Program for the BSAI groundfish and GOA groundfish fisheries under the Council's authority (see subpart E of this part).

(g) Fishery Management Plan for the Commercial King and Tanner Crab Fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area. Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for king and Tanner crab in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area by vessels of the United States, including regulations superseding State of Alaska regulations applicable to the commercial king and Tanner crab fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area EEZ that are determined to be inconsistent with the FMP (see subparts A, B, and E of this part).

- (h) Fishery Management Plan for the Scallop Fishery off Alaska. (1) Regulations in this part govern commercial fishing for scallops in the Federal waters off Alaska by vessels of the United States (see subpart A of this part).
- (2) State of Alaska laws and regulations that are consistent with the FMP and with the regulations in this part apply to vessels of the United States that are fishing for scallops in the Federal waters off Alaska.
- (i) Fishery Management Plan for the High Seas Salmon Fishery off the Coast of Alaska East of 175 Degrees East Longitude (Salmon FMP). Regulations in this part govern fishing for salmon by fishing vessels of the United States in the EEZ seaward of Alaska east of 175° E. long., referred to as the High Seas Salmon Management Area.
- (j) *License Limitation Program.* (1) Regulations in this part implement the license limitation program for the commercial groundfish fisheries in the EEZ off Alaska and for the commercial crab fisheries in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area.
- (2) Regulations in this part govern the commercial fishing for license limitation groundfish by vessels of the United States using authorized gear within the GOA and the BSAI and the commercial fishing for crab species by vessels of the United States using authorized gear within the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area.

[61 FR 31230, June 19, 1996, as amended at 61 FR 38103, July 23, 1996; 61 FR 56429, Nov. 1, 1996; 62 FR 2045, Jan. 15, 1997; 62 FR 19687, Apr. 23, 1997; 62 FR 59298, Nov. 3, 1997; 63 FR 30398, June 4, 1998; 63 FR 38502, July 17, 1998; 63 FR 52652, Oct. 1, 1998]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 63 FR 52652, Oct. 1, 1998, §679.1 was amended by adding paragraph (j), effective Jan. 1, 2000.

§679.2 Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in the Magnuson-Stevens Act and in part 600 of this chapter, the terms used in this part have the following meanings:

Active/inactive periods—(1) Active periods—(i) Catcher vessel. An active period for a catcher vessel means a period of time when the catcher vessel is in a reporting area (except 300, 400, 550, or 690) or gear remains on the grounds in a reporting area (except 300, 400, 550, or 690), regardless of the vessel location.

- (ii) Shoreside processor, mothership, catcher/processor, and buying station. An active period for a shoreside processor, mothership, catcher/processor, and buying station means a period of time when checked in.
- (2) Inactive periods—(i) Catcher vessel. An inactive period for a catcher vessel means any period that does not qualify as an active period.
- (ii) Shoreside processor, mothership, catcher/processor, or buying station. An inactive period for a shoreside processor, mothership, catcher/processor, or buying station means a period of time when not checked in.

Adequate evidence, for purposes of subpart E of this part, means information sufficient to support the reasonable belief that a particular act or omission has occurred.

ADF&G means the State of Alaska Department of Fish and Game.

Affiliates, for purposes of subpart E of this part, means business concerns, organizations, or individuals are affiliates of each other if, directly or indirectly, either one controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party controls or has the power to control both. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, interlocking management or ownership, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, common use of employees, or a business entity organized following the decertification, suspension, or proposed decertification of an observer contractor that has the same or similar management, ownership, or principal employees as the observer contractor that was decertified, suspended, or proposed for decertification.